《天路导向》双语讲义

恩典的描绘 - 1 PORTRAIT OF GRACE - 1

<u>SECTION A</u> 甲部

- Hello, listening friends. 亲爱的朋友,你好。
- What a joy for us to know that you have tuned in to this broadcast. 非常高兴你能收听这个节目。
- You know, there is a saying that goes something like this: 你知道,常常会有这样的说法:
- 4. "But for the grace of God, there go I.""因着神的恩典,我才有今天。"
- It means that, without the grace of God, I would not be where I am; 它意味着没有神的恩典,我不会是现在的样子;
- and I believe this to be true in my life, 我相信,这在我的生命中也是事实,
- because God's grace overruled all my past sins, 因为神的恩典免去了我过去所有的罪,
- 8. all of my past failures, 我所有的失败,
- all of my past disobedience; 我所有的悖逆;
- and that is why, today, I want to begin a new series of messages on the grace of God. 所以,今天,我想开始一个新的系列资讯, 来谈神的恩典。
- I'm calling this series of messages, "Portrait of Grace". 我把这个系列资讯称之为"恩典的描绘"。
- I know for sure that it will tremendously encourage you. 我相信,这资讯会深深地鼓励你。

- Many of us parents are conscious of the fact that we may have failed in our parental responsibilities; 为人父母的人,多数会注意到一个事实,就 是我们在为人父母当尽的责任上可能已经失 败了。
- 14. but God's grace can overrule, even in the midst of blatant parental failure and sin.
 但是,即使在父母明显的挫败和罪恶中,神的恩典仍足已挽回我们的过失。
- If you allow the grace of God to flow through you, 如果你允许神的恩典浇灌在你生命里,
- regardless of the pain you experienced growing up, 尽管在你成长的过程中,经历了痛苦,
- 17. regardless of the regret you are feeling, 尽管你感到懊悔,
- you will learn to revel in the grace of God, instead of wallowing in your pain; 你将学会享受神的恩典,而不是沉溺在自己 的痛苦里;
- so let us begin at the beginning;
 好,就让我们开始今天的资讯吧;
- and we begin with the story of Isaac and Rebekah.
 我们首先从以撒与利百加的故事开始。
- Isaac was the miracle son of Abraham and Sarah's old age. 以撒是亚伯拉罕和撒拉在年老时,因神迹而 得的儿子。
- 22. When Isaac was 37 years old, 当以撒 37 岁时,
- 23. through God's supernatural intervention, he marries a lovely woman by the name of Rebekah;
 由于上帝超凡的作为,促使他与一位可爱的 女士利百加结为夫妻;

- 24. but Rebekah, like her mother-in-law, Sarah, was barren.但是利百加和她的婆婆一样不能生育。
- Isaac cried to the Lord for children, and God answered his cry; 以撒向耶和华神祈求生子,神应允了他的呼 求;
- and God blessed Isaac and Rebekah with twin boys;
 并且上帝赐给以撒和利百加一对双胞胎男孩;
- 27. but the turmoil between those two boys begins in Rebekah's womb.
 但是这两个男孩在利百加的腹中就开始了争 斗。
- The two boys, Jacob and Esau, were born fighting each other;
 这两个男孩雅各和以扫,出生时就彼此相 争;

29. and we will see, throughout this series of messages, that the grace of God triumphed over all obstacles.
我们通过这一系列的资讯将会看到,神的恩典胜过了所有的障碍。

- The grace of God brought good out of bad. 神的恩典将不好的,改变为美好。
- When Rebekah experienced this turmoil inside of her, 当利百加经历婴儿在她腹中相争之时,
- 32. God graciously revealed to her what no doctor in the world could have done.
 上帝亲切地向她透露了一件事,这是世上任何一个医生都作不到的。
- God revealed to her what was truly happening inside her womb.
 上帝告诉利百加她腹中真实发生的事情。
- Listen to Genesis 25, verse 23. 请听创世记 25 章 23 节。
- My listening friend, I want you to remember these words: 亲爱的朋友,我希望你记住这句话:
- "...and the older will serve the younger."
 "……将来大的要服事小的。"
- God wanted Rebekah and Isaac to know something very important.
 上帝想要利百加和以撒知道一些重要的事情,

- that the fighting going on between Jacob and his brother, Esau, is more than just a brotherly squabble.
 就是在雅各与以扫之间的相争,事实上不仅 仅是兄弟之间的争斗。
- It is more than the regular kind of fighting that happens among the best of families.
 它也不仅仅是在家中最亲的人之间,通常所 发生的争吵。
- 40. This is going to be two future nations; 这将是未来两个国家之间的相争;
- and God, in His sovereignty, had reversed the cultural norm in which the older usually rules over the younger.
 而上帝,使用他至高无上的权威,转变了一 般由长子管辖弟弟妹妹的文化传统。
- Sibling rivalry is as old as creation itself; 兄弟相争,从创世之始就有了;
- and it is always associated with a prideful and sinful heart.
 它出自于内心的骄傲和罪恶。
- 44. We see that striving between Cain and Abel. 我们看到该隐和亚伯之间的争斗。
- 45. We see it among the sons of Noah, 我们在挪亚的儿子们之间也能看到,
- 46. and between Isaac and Ishmael, 还有以撒和以实玛利之间,
- 47. and between Joseph and his brothers. 约瑟和他的兄弟们之间。
- 48. When sin entered the world, brothers and sisters began to fight.
 当罪进入世界以后,兄弟姐妹就开始相争了。
- 49. When sin entered this world, brothers and sisters began to blame each other;
 当罪进入了这个世界,兄弟姐妹开始互相指责;
- 50. and that is why, when the grace of God comes into a family, 因此,当神的恩典进入了一个家庭,
- even in the midst of sibling rivalry and squabble and strife, it is always followed by confession, forgiveness and restoration; 即使是在兄弟姐妹之间有对立、争竞和冲 突,但是随之而来的是认罪、原谅和修复;

- 52. and, when the time came for Rebekah to deliver her two boys, 在利百加生产的日子来临时,
- 53. it happened exactly as God said. 所发生的正如上帝说的一样。
- 54. The boys were not identical twins. They looked very different from each other;
 这两个男孩不是同卵双胞胎,他们的长相完 全不一样;
- 55. and they also came out fighting. 他们出生时就开始相争。
- 56. Esau was born first, and Jacob came out grabbing for Esau's heel.
 以扫是头生的,雅各抓着以扫的脚跟,随后出生。
- 57. This, indeed, was symbolic of the power struggle that would characterize their relationship for the rest of their lives; 这实际上是一个权势争夺的象征,成为他们 一生关系的特点;
- 58. so what was the parental failure here? 那么,作父母的又失败在哪儿了呢?
- 59. Where did Isaac and Rebekah fail in their parental responsibility? 在为人父母的责任上,以撒和利百加的失败 是什么呢?
- 60. I think that Isaac and Rebekah's failure in their parental responsibility arose from a flaw that was already there.
 我认为,以撒和利百加没有尽到为人父母的责任,是缘于他们本来就有的缺点。
- It was, in fact, that they did not train their children in the Word of God. 事实上就是,他们没有用神的话语管教自己 的孩子。
- 62. You say, "Well, how do you know that?" 你会说: "那么,你又是怎么知道的呢?"
- 63. Well, look at God's prophetic utterance in Genesis 25, verse 23. 好,让我们来看创世记 25 章 23 节中的预言。
- 64. Isaac and Rebekah were aware of God's miraculous intervention in Abraham and Sarah's life.
 以撒和利百加知道神在亚伯拉罕和撒拉身上 奇妙的作为。

- Isaac and Rebekah understood that Isaac is the son of promise.
 以撒和利百加都明白,以撒是应许之子。
- 66. Isaac and Rebekah understood that, through Isaac, the Messiah would come;
 以撒和利百加也知道,弥赛亚将从以撒的后裔而出;
- 67. therefore, when God reversed the birth order in Jacob and Esau,因此,当神逆转了雅各和以扫的出生顺序,
- 68. He made it known that the older would serve the younger.神已经让他们知道,将来大的要服侍小的。
- 69. The promise to Abraham shall be fulfilled through Jacob; 对亚伯拉罕的应许要应验在雅各身上;
- 70. therefore, Isaac should have trained Esau to expect his blessing to come through his brother, Jacob.
 因此,以撒应该教导以扫,他将通过弟弟雅 各来得到赐福。
- 71. They should have instructed Esau that the promised Messiah will come through his brother, Jacob.
 他们应该指示以扫,神应许的弥赛亚会从他 弟弟雅各而来。
- 72. They should have been diligent in training the boys to understand the promises of God in the Word of God.
 他们应该经常不断地用神的话语管教孩子们,让他们能理解神的应许。
- 73. Jacob, on the other hand, should have been trained to be prepared for his role.
 另一方面,雅各也要受训,为他自己应承担的角色来做准备。
- 74. He should have been instructed in the fact that he would be the ancestors of God's Messiah. 他应受教导,他将会是上帝的弥赛亚的祖 先。
- 75. Jacob should have been trained that, in humility, he should accept his high calling. 雅各应该接受训练,成为谦恭的人,来接受 神对他崇高的呼召。
- 76. Now, please don't misunderstand me. 请不要误解我的意思。
- 77. This is a unique prophecy for that family. 这是神对那个家庭一个特别的呼召。

- None of us are in that category; 我们中间没有一个人处在那样的境况;
- 79. but I know this fact:不过我知道一个事实:
- 80. whenever you find turmoil in families, 无论何时你发现有混乱出现在家里,
- 81. whenever you find disarray in families, 无论何时你发现有纷争出现在家里,
- 82. whenever you find tension and strife in a home, 无论何时你发现紧张和冲突出现在家里,
- 83. you can be absolutely sure that, somehow, the Word of God is not dominating;
 你可以完全地肯定,那是因为神的话语没有 占主导地位;
- 84. that the Word of God is not followed, 神的话语没有被遵从,
- 85. that the Word of God is not taught. 神的话语没有被教导。
- Now, this does not mean that believing families will not experience tension and conflict; 这并不意味着信徒家庭不会经历紧张和冲 突;
- 87. but, when the Word of God is ruling a family, tension and conflict will not dominate that family's life;
 但是,当神的话语掌管着一个家庭,紧张和 冲突就不会在这个家庭的生活中占主导地 位;
- 88. so, instead of Isaac and Rebekah trying to train the two boys in the Word of God, 相反地,以撒和利百加却没有用神的话语来 教导两个儿子,
- 89. they allowed them to go their own ways. 他们任凭孩子们各行己意。
- Esau was a rugged individualist, an outdoorsman and a hunter.
 以扫是个鲁莽的利己主义者, 喜爱户外活动, 又是善于打猎的猎手。
- 91. He was ruddy in complexion and hairy. 他肤色发红,浑身有毛。
- 92. Jacob, on the other hand, grew up a thinker and a planner. He was a strategist and a schemer. 另一方面, 雅各渐渐长大成为一个爱思考的 人,凡事有计划,是一个老谋深算的策略 家。

- 93. He was a cook who spent a lot of time in his mama's kitchen.雅各经常在他妈妈的厨房里烹煮食物。
- 94. Jacob was always close to home, and that is why he found himself at the right place and at the right time.
 雅各总是贴近自己的家,因此他能掌握时机。
- 95. Unfortunately, these differences in these two boys led to the sin of favoritism on the part of their parents.
 不幸的是,这两个孩子各自的特点,导致他 们父母犯了偏爱的罪。
- 96. Listen to Genesis 25, verse 28. 请听创世记 25 章 28 节。
- 97. This verse should be a warning to all parents. 这节经文应该成为所有父母的警戒。
- 98. "Isaac, who had a taste for wild game, loved Esau; but Rebekah loved Jacob."
 "以撒爱以扫,因为常吃他的野味;利百加 却爱雅各。"
- Blatant favoritism, on the part of parents, is a sin.
 在父母之间出现很明显的偏爱,这就是罪。

SECTION B

<u>乙部</u>

- My listening friend, please listen carefully to what I'm going to tell you. 我亲爱的朋友,请仔细听我将要告诉你的。
- There is no doubt that a parent will find himself or herself relating to one or two of their children better than others; 毫无疑问,父母会发现在所有的孩子中,总 会有一两个比其他孩子更贴心;
- but that is different from favoritism. 但这和偏爱不同。
- In fact, that should be more of a reason to double your efforts to be impartial toward all of your children.
 事实上,正因为如此,你就该加倍努力,以 至于可以公平地对待所有的孩子。
- Blatant favoritism is a terrible sin, and it causes terrible disaster.
 明显的偏爱是一个很可怕的罪,它能产生很可怕的灾难。

- The fact that the grace of God ultimately overruled in Isaac and Rebekah's sin is not an excuse for us to duplicate their mistakes.
 当然,神的恩典最终遮盖了以撒和利百加的 罪,但这不是我们重蹈覆辙的借口。
- Blatant favoritism, in the case of Rebekah and Isaac, worsened the relationship between the two sons.
 在以撒和利百加的情形里面,明显的偏爱, 使两个儿子之间的关系更加恶劣。
- When parenting is exercised under the authority of the Word of God, 当父母在神话语的权柄下,施行养育之恩,
- even when we make mistakes, the grace of God will overrule those mistakes and failures.
 即使是我们犯了错误,神的恩典会遮盖这些 错误和失败。
- 10. Now, let's continue the story. 现在,让我们继续这个故事。
- Esau was impetuous and cheapened the importance of his birth order. 以扫是一个冲动鲁莽的人,并且看轻自己长 子的名份。
- He was willing to sell it for less than the price of a cup of soup. 他竟然愿意以低于一碗红豆汤的价格卖掉 它。
- Let me ask you, my friend.
 亲爱的朋友,让我来问你:
- 14. how many people created shipwrecks of their lives and reputations for the sake of instant gratification?
 究竟有多少人为了眼前的满足,竟使自己身败名裂呢?
- 15. For the sake of momentary satisfaction, they destroyed their lives.
 为了填满一时的欲望,他们竟毁了自己的一生。
- On the other hand, if Jacob had trusted in God's promises,
 另外,如果雅各信任神的应许,
- 17. if Jacob had trusted in the Word of God, 如果雅各深信神的话语,
- he would not have had to scheme and buy his brother's birthright.
 他就不必设计谋来买他哥哥的长子继承权。

- It was already his. 这长子权已经是他的了。
- **20.** God had promised it to him before he was born. 在他出生之前神就已经应许他了。
- If Jacob had trusted in God's promise, 如果雅各相信神的应许,
- he would not have had to scheme and deceive his father.
 他也就不必设计谋来欺骗他的父亲。
- He would not have had to scheme and cheat his Uncle Laban later in life.
 他也不必在以后的日子里设计行骗他的叔叔 拉班。
- 24. When we try to improve on God's plan, 当我们尝试着要改善上帝的计划,
- when we try to answer our own prayers, 当我们尝试着来回应自己的祷告,
- 26. when we act outside of God's plan, the results are terrible.当我们行在神的计划之外,结果是可怕的。
- 27. Now, the problem with all of us is that we do not like to take the long view of things.
 今天,我们所有人的问题是,我们不愿意从 长远的角度来看事情。
- We make instant decisions based on current conditions; 我们根据当时的情况作出即时的决定;
- **29.** but God sees the whole picture 但是神看到的是全局。
- and that is why it is ultimately far better to trust God to fulfill His promises, instead of you trying to fulfill them yourself.
 因此,说到底,还是相信神会履行祂的应许 为妙,而不要自己尝试着去实现它们。
- Taking matters into our own hands may give us a sense of accomplishment and achievement; 把事情包揽在我们自己手中,会让我们有成 就感和成功感;
- however, getting ahead of God causes a whole lot of pain in the process.
 然而,超越在神的前面会使整个过程带来很 多痛苦。
- My listening friend, we must learn to desire God above desiring what God can do for us. 亲爱的朋友,我们一定要渴望神自己,超过 渴望神所赐的福。

- 34. The problem with many of us is this: 我们中间多数人的问题是:
- 35. when we take things into our own hands, 当我们把事情包揽在自己手中时,
- when God takes a long time to respond, 当神用了比较长的时间才回应时,
- and, when God does not immediately chastise us, we tend to think that we are right, or "I got away with it; 当神没有立即惩罚我们,我们往往以为自己 是对的,或者以为,既然没有受罚;
- therefore, the way I want to do it must be the way God wants it done..." 那就等于,我的方式就是神的方式……"
- 39. but what we fail to realize is that the rope of God's grace is very long.
 但是,我们常常不能意识到,神恩典的绳索 是很长很长的。
- His mercy is great; 他的怜悯是极大的;
- but, eventually, it will reach its end. 但最终,它还是会有终结的时候。
- All of Jacob's scheming and plotting and manipulating; 雅各所有的阴谋、策划和操纵;
- 43. they all came back to haunt him, as you will see in this series of messages.
 都反过来围困了他自己,就像你在这个系列 资讯中看到的一样。
- 44. My listening friend, as I conclude, I want to tell you this,
 亲爱的朋友,在接近尾声的时候,我想告诉 你,
- 45. if you forget everything I said, remember this: 如果你忘记了我所说的每一件事,但不要忘记这一点:
- thank God for His grace, but do not test His patience.
 要感谢神的恩典,但不要去试探神的耐心。
- 47. Begin to change now. 现在就开始改变,
- Begin to surrender now.
 现在就开始交出生命的主权,
- 49. Begin the submission now, 现在就开始降服,

- 50. or, your sin will come back to haunt you. 不然,你的罪会反过来把你击倒。
- Until next time, I wish you God' richest blessing.
 愿神大大地赐福给你,下次节目再会。